# PATIENT NAME: Last Name, First Name

DOB: 10-Jan-1961



 GENDER:
 Female

 SPECIMEN ID:
 MRN 123456

 PATIENT/MRN:
 945839302

 CUSTOMER REF:
 123456789

ORDERED BY: Dr. Doe, John
ACCOUNT: John Doe Hospital
1234 Main St.

Irvine CA 92618 USA

REQUISITION #: 1234567
SPECIMEN TYPE: FFPE, Core
SPECIMEN SOURCE: Left Breast
COLLECTED DATE: 18-Feb-2014
RECEIVED DATE: 19-Feb-2014
REPORTED DATE: 21-Feb-2014

Summary of Results: High Risk Luminal-type (B)

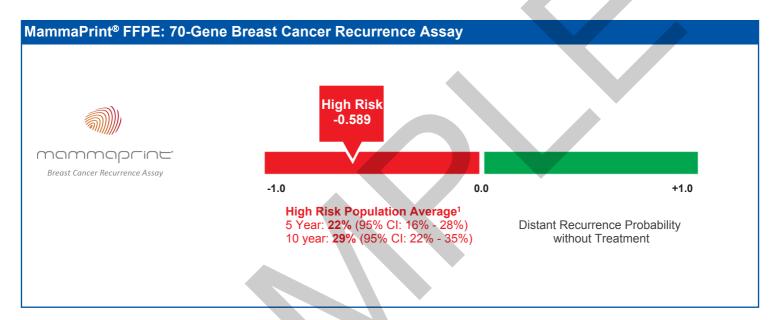
Risk of Recurrence

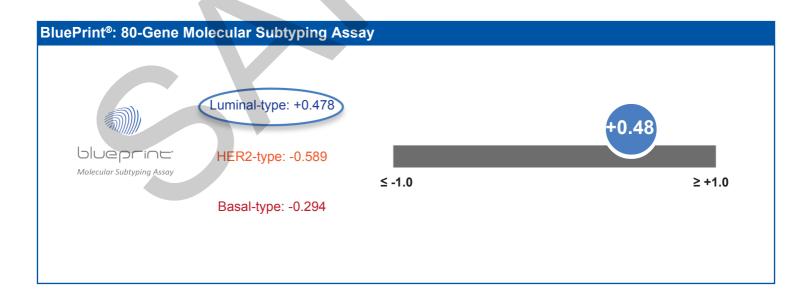
High Risk

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Molecular Subtype

Luminal-type





Note: This information is provided for general informational purposes. It is not part of any official diagnostic report. Please refer to individual MammaPrint and BluePrint reports for comments, assay information, disclaimer and references.

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FFP15-000286

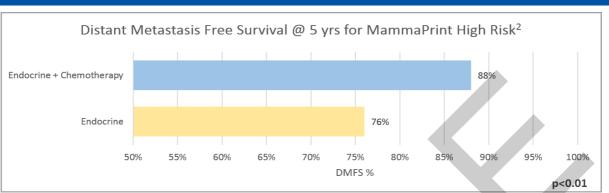
M-USA-001-V3



### PATIENT NAME: Jane Doe-Jane Doe-Jane

# REPORTED DATE: 21-Feb-2014





- The MammaPrint result provides independently validated, statistically significant, additive information for physicians to assist them in making treatment decisions for early stage breast cancer patients.
- If the risk assessment by MammaPrint and clinicopathological characteristics is concordant and indicates a High Risk of recurrence, the use of combined endocrine and chemotherapy (ET+CT) seems clinically indicated.
- If the risk assessment by MammaPrint and clinicopathological characteristics is discordant, MammaPrint High Risk and clinically stratified Low Risk patients will likely benefit from chemotherapy. If these patients are highly endocrine-responsive (≥50% ER positivity), endocrine therapy (ET) alone might be the desired option; however, withholding chemotherapy might not be supported due to the observed improvement in DMFS at 5 years for MammaPrint High Risk patients who received ET+CT.
- Other factors, such as age and co-morbidities, may influence the decision-making process for systemic adjuvant therapy shared between the physicians and patients. Distant metastasis-free survival (DMFS) is defined as time from surgery to any distant metastasis.

### Estimated benefit in breast cancer specific survival by trastuzumab:

For women with early-stage HER2-positive breast cancer, addition of trastuzumab to paclitaxel after doxorubicin and cyclophosphamide results in a 10-year absolute benefit of 9% in overall survival (OS) and 11% in disease-free survival (DFS).3

#### **Neoadjuvant Response to Therapy** High Risk Luminal-type (B) Neoadjuvant Distant Metastasis-Free Survival (DMFS) by Chemosensitivity4 Molecular Subtype 1.0 High Risk 10% Luminal-type (B) 0.8 74% 0% 60% 0.6 Pathologic Complete Response (pCR) Rate 0.4 Luminal A (n = 90)Luminal B (n = 154)**Subtype Results** Chemosensitivity Relevance HER2 (n = 70) Basal (n = 123)0.2 Log Rank Improved pCR compared to Luminal A P<0.0001 High Risk Luminal-(10% vs 6%) type (B) pCR indicates improved 5-year DMFS (85%) as compared to no pCR(72%) 10 30 50 60 Months

References: (1) Buyse M, Loi S, van't Veer L et al., J Natl Cancer Inst. 2006;98(17):1183-92. (2) Knauer M, Mook S, Rutgers EJ et al., Breast Cancer Res Treat. 2010;120(3):655-61. (3) Perez EA, Romond EH, Suman VJ, et al., J Clin Oncol. 2014;32(33):3744-52. (4) Gluck S, de Snoo F, Peeters J et al., Breast Cancer Res Treat. 2013;139(3):759-67.

### Agendia Summary Page

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