MINDACT Trial Results

(<u>M</u>icroarray <u>In N</u>ode negative and 1-3 positive lymph node <u>D</u>isease may <u>A</u>void <u>C</u>hemotherapy)

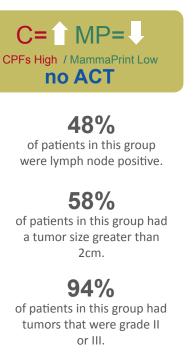
MINDACT is the first and only Phase III prospective, randomized controlled clinical trial comparing a genomic breast cancer recurrence assay to clinicopathological risk assessment (standard of care).

Baseline characteristics of the MINDACT study population

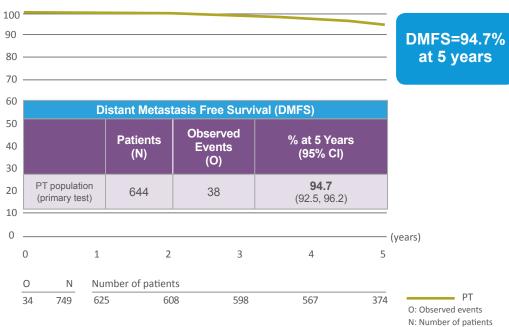
LOW RISK (no chemo)*	OVERTREATMENT GROUP	UNDERTREATMENT GROUP	HIGH RISK (chemo) [†]
C=↓MP=↓	C=↑MP=↓	C=↓MP=↑	C=
n = 2,745 (41%)	CPFs HIGH MammaPrint LOW n = 1,550 (23%)	CPFs LOW MammaPrint HIGH n = 592 (9%)	n= 1,806 (27%)
96% Luminal • HER2+ : 4%	91% Luminal • HER2+ : 8% • Triple Neg : 1%	79% Luminal • HER2+ : 12% • Triple Neg : 9%	50% Luminal • HER2+ :19% • Triple Neg : 31%
Grade 1 or 2 98%	Grade 2 or 3 94%	Grade 1 or 2 85%	Grade 3 76%
6%	48%	2%	26%
4%	58%	2%	48%
97.6% (96.9 - 98.1) - no ACT	94.7% (92.5 - 96.2) - no ACT	93.9% (89.6 - 96.5) - no ACT	90.6% (89.0 - 92.0) - ACT
	(no chemo)* C= MP= n = 2,745 (41%) 96% Luminal • HER2+ : 4% Grade 1 or 2 98% 6% 4% 97.6%	(no chemo)* GROUP C=↓MP=↓ CPFs HIGH N=2,745 (41%) CPFs HIGH MammaPrint LOW n = 1,550 (23%) 96% Luminal 91% Luminal ·HER2+ : 4% Grade 2 or 3 98% 94% 6% 48% 4% 58% 97.6% 94.7%	(no chemo)* GROUP GROUP C= MP=↓ C= MP=↓ C= MP=↓ CPFs HIGH CPFs HIGH CPFs LOW MammaPrint LOW n = 1,550 (23%) CPFs LOW 96% Luminal 91% Luminal . HER2+ : 8% · HER2+ : 4% 91% Luminal . HER2+ : 12% Grade 1 or 2 Grade 2 or 3 Grade 1 or 2 98% 94% 2% 4% 58% 2% 97.6% 94.7% 93.9% (96.9 - 98.1) - no ACT 94.7% 93.9%

Primary Analysis Population

Data from the Primary Analysis: 5-year DMFS for patients with high risk clinical features identified as Low Risk by MammaPrint, without chemotherapy



Distant Metastasis Free Survival without Chemo



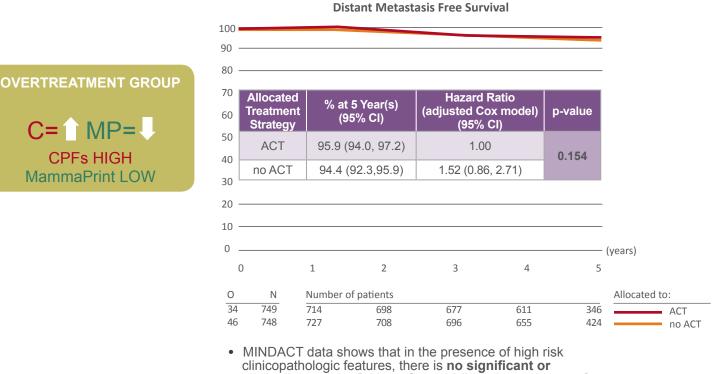


MINDACT Trial Results

(<u>M</u>icroarray <u>In N</u>ode negative and 1-3 positive lymph node <u>D</u>isease may <u>A</u>void <u>C</u>hemotherapy)



Efficacy of chemotherapy was determined by comparing DMFS at 5 years (All patients cHigh / MP Low)



clinically meaningful benefit to adding chemotherapy for MammaPrint Low Risk patients.

MINDACT Results Summary

MammaPrint was developed independent of clinicopathologic factors so it's the only assay that provides added value to the treatment decision and can be used in conjunction with clinical factors.

MINDACT demonstrates that MammaPrint is the only breast cancer genomic assay that selectively identifies earlystage breast cancer patients with high risk features (Lymph node positivity (LN 1-3), grade II or III, size >2cm) as Low Risk with no clinically meaningful benefit of chemotherapy.

MINDACT proves that MammaPrint is superior as a standalone test to the current standard of care in predicting the benefit of chemotherapy for early-stage breast cancer patients, minimizing the risk of undertreatment.

MINDACT provides indisputable Level 1A, phase III, randomized prospective clinical evidence that proves the superiority of MammaPrint 70-Gene Assay in predicting the benefit of chemotherapy in early-stage breast cancer patients when compared to clinicopathological risk assessment.

References

1. Piccart M. AACR Podium Presentation, April 18th, 2016